# G-INVOICING GUIDE FOR BASIC ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

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### Background

Since 1997, the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) has disclaimed an opinion on the Financial Report (FR) of the U.S. Government. In its report, GAO cited a material weakness related to the Federal Government's inability to account for and eliminate Intra-governmental Transactions (IGT) activity between Federal entities. Buy/Sell Intra-governmental differences play a significant part in the material weakness. G-Invoicing is being developed to offer a data exchange platform for Federal Entities (Entities) to communicate with one another. While it is not an accounting system, G-Invoicing will be a central repository to support the accounting of Buy/Sell transaction events.

Many Entities are aware of challenges in the current Intra-governmental Buy/Sell environment: Not all Entities utilize Interagency Agreements (IAAs) for every good/service provided or complete the same IAA activities in parallel before they initiate the Intra-governmental Payment and Collection (IPAC) movement of funds. These deviations lead to unknown IPAC charges, potentially invalid charges, and a burdensome level of reconciliation. G-Invoicing will provide Entities a necessary IAA brokering tool that does not exist today; IAA details can be agreed upon before accounting transactions are initiated or funds settle between Entity accounts. In addition, G-Invoicing provides a standard data set, so all the Entities are exchanging data in the same language.

G-Invoicing will capture the required/necessary IAA governance and accounting data needed by both trading partners. After Entities agree upon the governance and accounting parameters for each IAA [General Terms and Conditions (GT&C) and Order], they must submit a performance transaction to generate an IPAC for fund settlement to occur. Due to system functionality and the use of analogous data standards, Entities will see a vast reduction in the number of chargebacks and disputed transactions. G-Invoicing will be referenced to show differences, such as those caused by accruals, and help entities with their fund's liquidation process. These features not only help reconciliations between trading partners, but they also assist the efforts of Fiscal Service during the IGT quarterly scorecard process.

With standardized and streamlined efforts between trading partners, Entities should realize cost savings from the synergies of working together. These synergies could be as simple as one entity not spending as much time on IPAC chargebacks, or another entity having fewer IGT scorecard issues or financial reporting discrepancies to explain and resolve. G-Invoicing will improve the quality and reliability of IGT Buy/Sell information, and ultimately assist Entities with achieving their critical missions.

Intra-governmental reimbursable activities encompass a diverse set of operations and business events, many of which are unique to an Entity's critical mission. In addition, numerous stakeholders within an organization perform their own distinct tasks to ensure Buy/Sell transactions are processed, recorded, and reported correctly. G-Invoicing's very flexible data access model provides Entities with many administration options that best suit their business needs. At the same time, Entities should assess their business processes to evaluate the impact of the adoption of G-Invoicing.



### **Overview**

G-Invoicing is an online platform for all Entity staff involved with IGT reimbursable activity (including funding officials, program officials, and payment approvers) to originate and settle Buy/Sell IAAs electronically. Entities will use G-Invoicing to establish and maintain their agreement on the funding terms and the accounting treatment of their reimbursable activity, and to exchange that data with one another for consistent financial reporting.

G-Invoicing will serve as:

- An agreement broker (the mechanism by which Entities arrange and negotiate the terms of the IAA).
- A data exchange utility (the facilitation of the exchange of information between Entities that ensures well-defined lines of communication); and
- A conduit for sharing data and exchanging information on Buy/Sell IGT activity.

Transitioning from a manual, paper-based IAA to entering IAAs into G-Invoicing will allow Entities to manage the processing and approval of each stage of the IGT Buy/Sell transaction lifecycle: GT&Cs, Orders, Performance, and Funds Settlement stages. IPAC will continue to operate as the application for the settlement of funds between federal entities; however, the IPAC transaction will be initiated through the Performance transaction within G-Invoicing.

All IGT Buy/Sell activity will be accomplished through the use of the Federal Intra-governmental Data Standards (FIDS); The most recent FIDS update (changes to FIDS will occur during the development/enhancement of G-Invoicing) can be viewed at: **G-Invoicing Webpage**. The FIDS are designed to capture the necessary information that trading partners rely upon for the correct accounting of IGT Buy/Sell business events from initiation through funds settlement. When Entities develop an IAA and complete the Performance Transaction process with their trading partners, the records must leverage the FIDS to trigger accounting of business events related to the respective business activities. Entities' consistent use and thorough communication of the FIDS facilitates the accurate recording of business events in every stage of the Buy/Sell transaction life cycle and will be enforced through System Mapping and Validation Rules (SM&VR).

Fiscal Service has emphasized that the key to addressing IGT Buy/Sell differences is for entities to communicate with each other. G-Invoicing now offers Entities a tool to make this communication seamless. This reference guide will walk through the various stages of G-Invoicing and how that expanded communication will allow Entities to properly account for their Buy/Sell transactions using the U.S. Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Treasury Financial Manual (TFM) Supplement.

Please note - The Requesting Agency is the Buyer, and the Servicing Agency is the Seller.



	Intragovernmental Buy/Sell Transaction Lifecycle												
Stage	GT&C	Order	Performance Transaction	Fund Settlement									
Platform	G-Invoicing	G-Invoicing	G-Invoicing	IPAC									
Buy/Sell Business Events	<ul> <li>Trading partners' roles &amp; responsibilities are identified</li> <li>Contact information and authorized officials are established</li> <li>Agency Officials will Establish &amp; Approve GT&amp;C</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accounting terms of the IAA are completed</li> <li>Product requirements are detailed</li> <li>A fiscal obligation is created</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Goods/services are delivered/performed</li> <li>The exchange of goods/services (Delivered/Received)</li> <li>Accrual information is exchanged</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IPAC is initiated through the completion of the Performance Transaction</li> <li>Funds are transferred</li> </ul>									



### General Terms & Conditions (GT&C) Stage

As Entities onboard and begin conducting reimbursable IGT transactions in G-Invoicing, they may begin the exchange of agreement parameters within a GT&C. The Requesting Agency and the Servicing Agency will work collaboratively to complete a GT&C, which allows Entities to exchange contact information and set certain parameters and criteria that will apply to the subsequent referencing Orders.

The GT&C section identifies the general terms that govern Buy/Sell trades between the Requesting Agency and Servicing Agency, including roles and responsibilities for both Entities to ensure effective management of the IAA. GT&C data elements and information include contact information, agreement period dates, points of contact for each entity, and any terms for resolution or agreement termination. No fiscal obligations are created through the execution of the GT&C and no proprietary accounting events are recorded. An IAA must contain one GT&C and at least one Order but may contain many Orders under one GT&C. A GT&C may have multiple Agency Location Codes (ALC) and an Order can only cite one ALC, but multiple lines of accounting.

Orders may be initiated by the Servicing Agency (Seller-Facilitated Order) or by the Requesting Agency (Buyer-Initiated Order). The Order Originating Partner Indicator (OOPI) is a required field on the GT&C that determines who will initiate the Orders under the GT&C. There cannot be a mixture of both Seller-Facilitated Orders (SFO) and Buyer-Initiated Orders (BIO) under a single GT&C.

### **G-Invoicing Events:**

- Either the Requesting Agency (Buyer) or the Servicing Agency (Seller) begins the G-Invoicing document flow by creating a new GT&C. The Entity initiating the document enters their contact information, authorizing officials, agreement scope, roles, and any clauses.
- The initiating party reviews the GT&C and shares a draft with their trading partner. Once all data is entered by both trading partners and submitted for approval, either trading partner may approve first.
- Both parties approve the GT&C, and the agreement becomes **Open**.

### **Proprietary Entries for All Scenarios:**

No IGT Buy/Sell proprietary entries are entered at this stage. Some budgetary entries may be posted when or before the GT&C is created. While the GT&C proceeds the actual order, it is not considered the obligating document. The obligating document is the Order that is subsequent to the GT&C; however, the Servicing Agency should be anticipating agreements for the upcoming fiscal year that do proceed the actual orders. Refer to Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-11 for budgetary guidance.



### **Order Stage**

After both Entities have exchanged basic contact information and each partner's roles and responsibilities and have fully approved the GT&C, an Order can then be initiated. With the introduction of Seller-Facilitated Order functionality in Release 4.1, either the Requesting Agency or the Servicing Agency may initiate an Order within the application depending on the terms agreed upon within the associated GT&C. Another advantage to G-Invoicing that Entities will discover is that it allows staff members from assorted Entity departments to communicate and share knowledge without stressing over terminology. Just one example of a barrier to effective communication between Entities has been when staff members are responsible for negotiating IAAs, but don't have the necessary knowledge of accounting or information systems and are not prepared to make accounting/finance decisions for the agreement.

The Order is the funding section of the IAA that identifies the specific Requesting Agency requirements for the expected delivery of goods and/or services by the Servicing Agency, and the corresponding accounting treatment. When both trading partners provide all the required fields determined in the FIDS, an Order can be created.

Both partners will enter their respective Treasury Account Symbol (TAS)/Business Event Type Code (BETC)<sup>1</sup>, additional accounting information, and shipping/delivery details. Modifications may occur to Order data; however, they must be provided by the Buyer on Buyer-Initiated Orders (BIOs) or provided by the Seller on Seller-Facilitated Orders (SFOs).

### **G-Invoicing Events:**

### **Buyer-Initiated Orders (BIO)**

- The Buyer initiates an Order from an open GT&C. The Buyer completes the Order with a single, agreed upon Statutory Authority to govern the Order and supporting data onto the appropriate Order Schedule lines. The Buyer approves the Order.
- The Seller reviews the data entered by their trading partner and enters their supporting data onto the Order Schedule lines on the Order draft, and reviews the data entered by their trading partner. The Seller approves the Order. (See Federal Intra-governmental Data Standards (FIDS) on the G-Invoicing website for more information).
- The Seller approving the Order prompts the Order to become **Open**.
- The Seller performs services or provides goods, incurring obligations against the Order.
- Performance transactions may occur now that the Order is in Open status.
- An Order cannot be closed until the respective totals of Performance Transactions by the Buyer and Seller agree. Depending on the Freight on Board (FOB) Point selected, a Buyer's Performance Transaction is optional, unless the Buyer disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction. (See FOB Point definition below for more detail.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Entities cannot select a TAS on a G-Invoicing Order until it becomes available from the Shared Accounting Module (SAM).



#### Seller-Facilitated Orders (SFO)

- The Seller initiates an Order from an open GT&C. The Seller completes the Order with a single, agreed upon Statutory Authority to govern the Order and supporting data onto the appropriate Order Schedule lines. The Seller approves the Order and shares it with the Buyer moving it to a Shared with Partner 2 status.
- The Buyer reviews the data entered by their trading partners and enters their supporting data onto the Order Schedule lines on the Order draft. The Buyer approves the Order.
- The Buyer approving the Order prompts the Order to become **Open**.
- The Seller performs services or provides goods, incurring obligations against the Order.
- Performance transactions may occur now that the Order is in Open status.
- An Order cannot be closed until the respective totals of Performance Transactions by the Buyer and Seller agree. Depending on the FOB Point selected, a Buyer's Performance Transaction is optional, unless the Buyer disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction. (See FOB Point definition below for more detail.)

The FIDS completed within the Order stage convey a physical stamp of transaction type, period of performance, and other accounting requirements for both entities. The FIDS within the Order stage will affect the accounting treatment of transactions throughout the rest of the Buy/Sell lifecycle.

### FIDS recorded within G-Invoicing that both Entities should reference for their accounting transactions:

- Capitalized Asset Indicator Specifies if the item being sold is a capitalized asset of the Servicing Agency (i.e., "Inventory"). The Capitalized Asset indicator determines which USSGL scenario should be followed and is used by the Requesting Agency to determine the proper accounting entries needed to facilitate IGT eliminations. If the Capitalized Asset Indicator is "Yes," Entities should refer to the Intragovernmental Capital Asset and Inventory Buy/Sell Transactions Guidance.
- Assisted Acquisitions Indicator Identifies whether the Order will accommodate Assisted Acquisitions. Through Assisted Acquisitions, the Servicing Agency provides acquisition support services on behalf of the Requesting Agency. The Requesting Agency may leverage the Servicing Agency's administrative services and contracting vehicles to obtain goods/services from a third-party vendor. G-Invoicing will only capture the reimbursable transactions between/to Entities, it will not capture any activities with a non-federal third party during assisted acquisitions. Entities should refer to the Assisted Acquisition Guidance.
- Advance Payment Indicator Identifies whether Advance Payments are allowed for the Orders supporting the respective GT&C. When authorized, the applicable statute must be referenced.
- FOB Point Specifies at what point the Seller transfers ownership of the goods/services to the Buyer. This also determines which Performance Transaction Type will initiate fund settlement (The Seller's Delivered/Performed or the Buyer's Received/Accepted.)
  - **FOB Point: Source** *The Buyer's Performance Transactions are optional unless the Buyer disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction. An Order cannot be closed if the Buyer submits a Performance Transaction "Received/Accepted" that disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction "Delivered/Performed".*



- **FOB Point: Destination/Other** *The Seller's "Delivered/Performed" transaction totals must equal the Buyer's "Received/Accepted" totals before Orders can be closed. The Buyer's Performance Transaction is required.*
- Constructive Receipt Days The agreed-upon number of days a Buyer must respond to a Performance Transaction. If the Buyer does not submit a Performance Transaction within this time frame, fund settlement will automatically initiate from the Seller's Delivered/Performed Performance Type. The Constructive Receipt Days timer begins on the later of the Transaction Date or Performance Date.

### **Proprietary Entries:**

No IGT Buy/Sell proprietary entries are entered at this stage. Some budgetary entries may be posted when or before the Order is created. The obligating document is the Order that is subsequent to the GT&C. Refer to OMB Circular No. A-11 for budgetary guidance.

### **Performance and Fund Settlement Stages**

In today's Buy/Sell transaction process, there is no standard form or means for exchanging accrual information. Entities currently exchange this data informally via email using different formats, or they do not share it at all. Accountants responsible for recording USSGL entries try to record this data in their internal accounting systems before month-end, and this accounting information is in turn reported to the Governmentwide Treasury Account Symbol Adjusted Trial Balance System (GTAS). Once both Entities have loaded their GTAS files, it quickly becomes apparent when Entities have recorded conflicting information. These differences can be significant, requiring subsequent research and resolution.

In addition, differences can exist from variations in policy interpretations, differences in delivery methods, and/or discrepancies in calculating the completion of services performed for continuous contracts. One example is when one Entity recognizes its accounting transactions at the shipping point, and its trading partner does not recognize events until the point at which goods are received. Another instance occurs when a Buyer and Seller cannot recognize revenue in a long-term contract at the same proportion of performance completed because both partners use different calculation methods.

Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board (FASAB) guidance states that revenue is to be recognized as goods are delivered and as services are performed, or in proportion to the total amount of services performed. See Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards (SFFAS) No. 7, *Accounting for Revenue and Other Financing Sources and Concepts for Reconciling Budgetary and Financial Accounting*, specifically paragraphs 34 through 45. By communicating with each other throughout the lifecycle of the transaction and using consistent policy for recording transactions, all Entities will have a better opportunity to report transactions to GTAS in a consistent manner, and thus reduce the number of IGT differences.

How exactly will G-Invoicing accomplish the goal of allowing Entities to communicate and share information with one another? Fiscal Accounting is adding a new stage to the Buy/Sell transaction process, called the Performance Transaction. The Buyer and Seller must agree on the FOB Point at the Order level to include the physical delivery point for establishment of title transfer.



This determines which Performance Transaction initiates fund settlement, as reflected below:

- Source Fund settlement is initiated by the Seller's Performance transaction when Performance Type is 'Delivered/Performed'
- **Destination/Other** Fund settlement is initiated by the Buyer's Performance transaction when Performance Type is 'Received/Accepted' or after the constructive receipt days, previously agreed upon at the Order level, have expired

Based upon data entered in the Performance Date and Transaction Date, both the Buyer and Seller will be able to record the accrual in the same accounting period and for the same amount. This selection, along with the exchange of the applicable performance record, will determine the amount to be recorded for the accrual.

Fund settlement occurs upon completion of the Performance Transaction. Entities will no longer manually create IPACs or submit bulk files to the IPAC system for Buy/Sell transactions. G-Invoicing will create the IPACs on the Entity's behalf. G-Invoicing will also retrieve the remittance advice from the IPAC system and update the associated Orders.

### FIDS recorded within G-Invoicing which both Entities should reference for their accounting transactions:

- Performance Type Identifies the type of performance recorded (Delivered/Performed, Received/Accepted, Advance, and Deferred Payment will drive accounting events; Shipped and Estimated Delivery will share information only.)
  - **Delivered/Performed** A Seller completes this Performance Type to indicate it has transferred control of the goods/completed services.
  - **Received**/Accepted A Buyer completes this Performance Type to indicate it has received the goods/services from the Seller.
  - Advance The Performance Transaction Type used for transactions in which advance payments are settled prior to the delivery/performance of any goods/services. As delivery/performance occurs, entries are shared to liquidate the advance and to recognize revenue/expenses.
  - **Deferred Payment** The Performance Transaction Type used for work in progress transactions to communicate the amount/percentage of work completed, but to settle funds later from work completion.
- Performance Date The date on which the delivery of goods/completion of services takes place. The Performance Date drives the date at which accruals should be made for revenue/expense and accounts payable/accounts receivable. The Performance Date can be backdated while the prior period remains open during the first 3 days following the end of a period, or the first 5 days following the end of the fiscal year.
- Transaction Date The date which an entity's authorized user enters the Performance Transaction into G-Invoicing. The Transaction Date initiates the IPAC Transaction and fund settlement. If a Transaction Date falls within the first 3 business days following the end of a period, or the first 5 business days following the end of the fiscal year, both accounting period will be open and the Entities can choose a Performance Date in a different period, than that in which the Transaction Date occurs.
- Transfer Date The date that funds are transferred into or out of the Treasury General Account (TGA). (Equivalent to IPAC's Accomplished Date).
- > Accounting Period The fiscal period that the transaction is reflected in the General Ledger, if applicable.



### **G-Invoicing Events:**

#### **FOB Point – Source**

- Seller submits Performance Transaction upon confirmation of delivery by carrier or receipt by Buyer with Performance Type 'Delivered/Performed'.
- Revenue/Expense accruals are recorded as of the Performance Date entered by the Seller.
  - Deferred Payment Performance Transaction would be used by the Seller to communicate performance which has occurred, but not yet billed.
- An IPAC is automatically initiated to settle funds on the Transaction Date. Buyer may submit a Performance Transaction. (Not submitting a Performance Transaction infers the agreement with the Seller's terms).

#### **FOB Point – Destination**

- Seller submits Performance Transaction upon confirmation of delivery by carrier or receipt by Buyer with Performance Type 'Delivered/Performed'. Constructive receipt days begin.
- Accruals are recorded as of the Performance Date based on the Seller's Performance Transaction with Performance Type 'Delivered/Performed'.
- Buyer submits Performance Transaction with Performance Type 'Received/Accepted'.
- An IPAC is created as of this Transaction Date (if completed before constructive receipt days expire).



### Adjustments

In today's Buy/Sell environment, Entities spend a vast number of resources on IPAC chargebacks. They experience sizable levels of adjustments and modification transactions near the end of accounting periods in attempts to correctly account for reimbursable activity. In addition, chargebacks add to the complexity of reconciliations of Fund Balance with Treasury, Order balances, and other metrics. In some cases, chargebacks and adjustments can continue to shuffle back and forth between entity accounts, further complicating reconciliations and procurement work. However, as Buy/Sell data is exchanged within the G-Invoicing application, the number of chargebacks will be appreciably reduced. Required data needed by trading partners will be recorded within G-Invoicing and readily available to reference in any events of disputed transactions.

G-Invoicing will offer Entities the ability to correct transactions via Adjustments through "negative" Performance Transactions. Either Trading Partner may submit a negative Performance Transaction. Adjustments that initiate fund settlement are controlled by the FOB Point: Under FOB Source transactions, the Seller's negative Performance adjustment would initiate fund settlement. Under FOB Destination transactions, the Buyer's negative Performance adjustment would initiate fund settlement.

Adjustments must be submitted with a Performance Date that falls within the Performance Period of the Order. The Order must reference a prior (positive) Performance of the same type and the Order must be in an Open status.

#### **G-Invoicing Events (with Adjustments):**

#### **FOB Point – Source**

- Seller submits a Performance Transaction with Performance Type 'Delivered/Performed'.
- Revenue and Expense accruals are recorded as of the Performance Date entered by the Seller, and an IPAC is automatically initiated to settle funds on the Transaction Date.
- Buyer submits an informational Performance Transaction with Performance Type "Received/Accepted".
   \*Later, adjustments are deemed necessary by the Buyer\*
- After determining a refund is needed, the Buyer submits a **negative** Performance Transaction to the Seller, showing the number of goods/services it does not accept. No funds are settled in IPAC.
- The Seller completes a **negative** Performance Transaction to adjust the original fund settlement down to the correct number of goods/services accepted by the Buyer. An IPAC is automatically initiated to settle funds on the Transaction Date.

	Reimbursable Agreement without an Advance, Adjustments Necessary - FOB Source.											
G-Invoicing Initiator	G-Invoicing Event	Amount	Transaction Date	Proprietary Accounting Recognition								
Seller	Order is approved for \$20,000 and Open.	\$20,000	09/07/20XX	-								
Seller	Seller delivers \$1,000 of goods and enters a Performance Type of "Delivered/Performed".	\$1,000	09/09/20XX	Both partners record <b>Revenue/Expense</b> ACCRUALS. Both partners record <b>FUND SETTLEMENT</b> to liquidate the accruals.								



Buyer	Buyer receives \$1,000 of goods and enters a Performance Type "Received/Accepted" (Informational Purposes Only.)	\$1,000	09/15/20XX	-
Buyer	Buyer requests a \$200 refund adjustment by entering a Performance Type of "Received/Accepted".	- \$200	10/01/20XX	-
Seller	Seller agrees and completes a \$200 refund adjustment with a Performance Type of "Delivered/Performed".	- \$200	10/04/20XX	Both partners record <b>Revenue/Expense</b> ACCRUALS. Both partners record <b>FUND SETTLEMENT</b> to liquidate the accruals.
Buyer	Order is Closed; The remaining Order balance is \$200.	\$200	10/31/20XX	-

• **FOB Point: Source** – *The Buyer's Performance Transactions are optional unless the Buyer disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction. An Order cannot be closed if the Buyer submits a Performance Transaction "Receives/Accepted" that disagrees with the Seller's Performance Transaction "Delivered/Performed".* 

#### **FOB Point – Destination**

- Seller submits Performance Transaction with Performance Type 'Delivered/Performed'. Constructive receipt days begin.
- Both partners record accruals as of the Performance Date, based on the Seller's Performance Transaction.
- Buyer submits Performance Transaction with Performance Type 'Received/Accepted'.
- An IPAC is created as of this Transaction Date (if completed before constructive receipt days expire) and funds settle. \*Later, adjustments are deemed necessary by the Buyer\*
- After determining a refund is needed, the Buyer submits a **negative** Performance Transaction to the Seller, showing the number of goods/services it does not accept. An IPAC is automatically initiated to settle funds on the Transaction Date.
- The Seller's "Delivered/Performed" transaction totals must equal the Buyer's "Received/Accepted" totals before Orders can be closed.

	Reimbursable Agreement without an A	dvance, Adjustn	nents Necessary	- FOB Destination.
G-Invoicing Initiator	G-Invoicing Event	Amount	Transaction Date	Proprietary Accounting Recognition
Seller	Order is approved for \$20,000 and Open.	\$20,000	09/07/20XX	-
Seller	Seller delivers \$1,000 of goods and enters a Performance Type of "Delivered/Performed".	\$1,000	09/09/20XX	Both partners record <b>Revenue/Expense</b> ACCRUALS.
Buyer	Buyer receives \$1,000 of goods and enters a Performance Type of "Received/Accepted".	\$1,000	09/15/20XX	Both partners record <b>FUND SETTLEMENT</b> to liquidate the accruals.
Buyer	Buyer requests a \$200 refund adjustment by entering a Performance Type of "Received/Accepted".	- \$200	10/01/20XX	Both partners record <b>FUND SETTLEMENT</b> to liquidate the accruals.
Seller	Seller agrees and completes a \$200 refund adjustment with a Performance Type of "Delivered/Performed".	- \$200	10/04/20XX	Both partners record <b>Revenue/Expense</b> ACCRUALS.
Buyer	Order is Closed; The remaining Order balance is \$200.	\$200	10/31/20XX	-

• **FOB Point: Destination/Other** – The Seller's "Delivered/Performed" transaction totals must equal the Buyer's "Received/Accepted" totals before Orders can be closed. The Buyer's Performance Transactions are required.



### **Accounting Scenarios**

Although these transactions are not shown in this guidance, budgetary entries for apportionment, allotment, etc. would still need made in the accounting system when applicable.

Please note that throughout the following scenarios, as goods and services are delivered and payments are made, that certain entries could also require Transaction Codes B134, B234, B235, if funded by direct appropriation. This could also apply to reversals of these transactions. See TFM USSGL Supplement Section III for more details on these transactions.

### **Reimbursable Agreement without an Advance**

Scenario 1: The Requesting and Servicing Agencies have entered an Order for \$1,000 in services. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX with Performance Date 9/30/20XX and reference the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Source
  - Fund settlement will occur via IPAC upon the completion of the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed transactions during the October Accounting Period, in line with the Transfer Date.
- Capitalization Indicator = False
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = No.
- The Requesting Agency agrees with the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed Transaction and does not create an informational Received/Accepted Transaction.<sup>2</sup>

Transaction 1: The agencies record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

FIDS on the C	FIDS on the Order and Servicing Agency's Performance Transactions												
	ORDE	<u> </u>			PERFORMANCE								
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR				PERFO	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTIONPERDATE		FORMANCE DATE		ISFER TE		
SOURCE	SOURCE FALSE NO					ED/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	0	9/30/20XX	10/01/	/20XX		
REQUI	ESTING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Г ТС	SERVI		DEBIT	CREDIT	TC			
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	1,000		— <b>B306</b>		422100 Unfilled Customer Orders Without Advance				A 70.C		
	480100 Undelivered Orders – Obligations, Unpaid				<b>D</b> 200	421000 Anti	cipated Reimbursen		1,000	A706			
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	counting	g Period 12			Performance Da	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	countii	ng Period 12	2			
To record current	-year undelivered orders	s without	an advance.			To record a reimbursable agreement without an advance that was previously anticipated.							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Requesting Agency has the option of, and is recommended, to provide a Received/Accepted transaction to reflect concurrence with Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed transaction but it is not a required action within the G-Invoicing application.



**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	g Agency	's Perform	ance Tra	nsactions								
	ORDER	2			PERFORMANCE								
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR		TED ACQUIS INDICATOR		<u>PERFO</u>	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFORMANCE DATE		TRAN DA	ISFER TE		
SOURCE	FALSE		NO		DELIVER	DELIVERED/PERFORMED 10/01/2			9/30/20XX	10/01/	20XX		
REQUE	ESTING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Г ТС	SERVI	CING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	TC		
480100 Undeliv	ered Orders –					425100 Reimbu	rsements Earned -						
<b>Obligations</b> , Un	Obligations, Unpaid 1,000					Receivable			1,000				
490100 Del Obligation		1,000	D 402	422100 Uni Without Ac	filled Customer Ord Ivance	lers		1,000	. 71 4				
610000 Operati	ng Expenses/Program	m			B402						A714		
Costs (RC24)			1,000			131000 Account	s Receivable (RC22	.)	1,000				
211000 Acc	counts Payable (RC2	2)		1,000		520000 Revenue From Services Provided (RC24)							
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	ounting I	Period 12			Performance Da	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	countir	ng Period 1	2			
To record the deliv	very of goods and to acc	crue a liabil	lity.			To record revenue earned for goods or services performed on a reimbursable order without an advance.							
REQUE	ESTING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Г ТС	SERVICING AGENCY			DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС		
490100 Delivere Unpaid	ed Orders – Obligati	ons,	1,000				425200 Reimbursements Earned – Collected From Federal/Non-Federal						
490200 Del Obligation	livered Orders – s, Paid			1,000	B110	425100 Rei Receivable	mbursements Earn	ed –		1,000	C186		
211000 Account	11000 Accounts Payable (RC22) 1,000					101000 Fund Ba	101000 Fund Balance With Treasury						
101000 Fu	nd Balance With Tre	easury		1,000		131000 Acc	ounts Receivable (F	RC22)		1,000			
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Period 12											
To record a confir	med disbursement scheo d. For nonfiduciary depo	dule where	an unpaid de		r was		ection of receivables fo		0				



Scenario 2: The Requesting and Servicing Agencies have entered an Order for \$1,000 in services. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX with Performance Date 9/30/20XX and reference the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Destination
  - Fund Settlement will occur via IPAC in the amount, and upon completion, of the Requesting Agency's Received/Accepted Transaction.
- Capitalization Indicator = False
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = No
- The Requesting Agency disagrees with the amount on the Delivered/Performed Transaction, and on 10/02/20XX, they create a Received/Accepted Transaction for \$800.
- The Servicing Agency agrees and adjusts their Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/04/20XX by -\$200, reconciling the variance with the Requesting Agency.

**Transaction 1:** The Entities record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

FIDS on the C	FIDS on the Order and Servicing Agency's Performance Transactions											
	<u>ORDEI</u>				<u>PERFORMAN</u>	ICE						
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	<u>ASS</u>	ASSISTED ACQUISITION INDICATOR			PERFOR	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFORMANCE DATE		TRAN DA	<u>SFER</u> TE
DESTINATION	FALSE		NO		D	ELIVER	ED/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	0	9/30/20XX	10/01/	20XX
REQUE	ESTING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Т	TC	SERVICING AGENCY			DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	1,000			B306		422100 Unfilled Customer Orders Without Advance				A 70.0
	480100 Undelivered Orders – Obligations, Unpaid						421000 Antie	cipated Reimbursen	nents		1,000	A706
<b>Performance D</b>	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	counting	g Period 12				Performance Da	nte: 9/30/20XX - Acc	counti	ng Period 12		
To record current-	-year undelivered orders	s without	an advance.			To record a reimbursable agreement without an advance that was previously anticipated.						7



FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	g Agen	cy's Perforn	nance	Trai	nsaction	<u>s</u>					
ORDER								PERFORMAN	CE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSIS	ASSISTED ACQUISITION INDICATOR			PERFORM	IANCE TYPE TRANSACTION DATE		<u>PER</u>	FORMANCE DATE		NSFER ATE
DESTINATION	FALSE		NO			ELIVEREI	D/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	09	9/30/20XX	I	N/A
REQUE	REQUESTING AGENCY DEBIT CRE				DIT	TC	SERV	ICING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
Obligations, Un 490100 De Obligation 610000 Operati	480100 Undelivered Orders –Obligations, Unpaid1,000490100 Delivered Orders –Obligations, Unpaid610000 Operating Expenses/Program		1,00	00	425100 Reimb Receivable				1,000	1,000	A714	
Costs (RC24)1,000211000 Accounts Payable (RC22)					00		131000 Accounts Receivable (RC22)1,000520000 Revenue From Services Provided (RC24)				1,000	
	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc very of goods and to acc						Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Period 12           To record revenue earned for goods or services performed on a reimbursable order without an advance.					e order

**Transaction 3:** The Requesting Agency creates a Received/Accepted Transaction. If the constructive receipt days expire, the system will automatically create a Received/Accepted Transaction for the Requesting Agency for the full amount of the original Performance Transaction.

FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	Agency's Perfo	ormance T	ransactions	3				
	ORDER				PERFORMAN	CE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSISTED ACQU INDICATO		PERFORM	IANCE TYPETRANSACTIONPDATE		PERFORMANC DATE		I <u>SFER</u> TE
DESTINATION	FALSE	NO		RECEIVE	D/ACCEPTED	10/02/20XX	09/30/20XX	10/02/	20XX
REQUES	TING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	Г ТС	SERVI	CING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
Obligations, Un 490200 De	490100 Delivered Orders – Obligations, Unpaid 490200 Delivered Orders – Obligations, Paid		800	B110	Collected From Exception Sour	imbursements Earne	800	800	C186
211000 Account	ts Payable (RC22)	800			101000 Fund B	alance With Treasu	ry 800		
101000 Fu	101000 Fund Balance With Treasury 800				131000 Ac	counts Receivable (F	RC22)	800	
	Date: 10/02/20XX - Ac				Date: 10/02/20XX - A				
	med disbursement schedu d. For nonfiduciary depos				To record the col	lection of receivables fo	r reimbursable serv	vices.	



**Transaction 4:** The Servicing Agency creates a negative Delivered/Performed Transaction to adjust the original transaction of \$1,000. The original order and the adjustment to the order occur in the same fiscal year.

FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	g Agency	's Perforn	nance T	rans	<u>actions</u>						
	<u>ORDER</u>				PERFORMANCE							
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR		ASSISTED ACQUISITION INDICATOR			ERFORMA	ANCE TYPE TRANSACTION P		-	<u>PERFORMANCE</u> <u>DATE</u>		NSFER ATE
DESTINATION	FALSE		NO		DEL	LIVERED/I	PERFORMED	10/04/20XX	09/	30/20XX	Ň	I/A
REQU	REQUESTING AGENCY DEBIT				DIT	TC	SERV	/ICING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
490100 Delivero Unpaid	490100 Delivered Orders – Obligations,						422100 Unfill Without Adv	led Customer Order ance	'S	200		
	480100 Undelivered Orders – Obligations, Unpaid					B402R	425100 Reimbursements Earned – Receivable				200	
	ts Payable (RC22)		200			D402K	520000 Rever Provided (RC	nue From Services		200		A714R
610000 Op (RC24)	erating Expenses/Pr	ogram Co	osts	200	)		<b>131000</b> A	Accounts Receivable	(RC22)	)	200	
<b>Performance D</b>	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	ounting P	Period 12				Performance	Date: 9/30/20XX - A	Account	ing Period	12	
original order. (As can include suppli	ive adjustment to the exp ssumes a title has been p les, inventory, materials nal memo entries are req	bassed wher , land, equip	n the goods a pment, buildi	re delive	red.) T	C B402		egative adjustment to t imbursable agreement er.				



### Capital Asset Buy/Sell<sup>3</sup>:

**Scenario 1:** The Requesting and Servicing Agencies have entered an Order for Equipment in the amount of \$5,000. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX with Performance Date 9/30/20XX and reference the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Source
  - Fund settlement will occur via IPAC upon the completion of the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed transactions during the October Accounting Period, in line with the Accomplished Date.
- Capitalization Indicator = True
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = No
- The Equipment meets the capitalization threshold for the Requesting Agency, but the Requesting Agency creates a Received/Accepted Transaction for \$4,500 on 10/02/20XX, disagreeing with the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed amount.
- The Servicing Agency agrees that the Requesting Agency is correct and creates a negative Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/04/20XX to adjust original Delivered/Performed transaction.

FIDS on the C	<b>Drder and Servicin</b>	g Agen	cy's Perform	ance Tra	insact	tions						
	ORDE	<u>R</u>						<b>PERFORMAN</b>	ICE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASS	<u>PI</u>	ERFOR	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PER</u>	FORMANCE DATE	TRAN DA			
SOURCE							VERED/PERFORMED 10/01/20XX 09/3				10/01/	20XX
REQUI	ESTING AGENCY		Т	TC	SERVICING AGENCY DEBIT CR					ТС		
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	5,000			<b>D2</b> 07	422100 Unfilled Without Advand	Customer Orders		5,000		1706
480100 Und Obligations	lelivered Orders – , Unpaid			5,000	1	B306	421000 Antio	cipated Reimbursen	nents		5,000	A706
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	countin			Performance Da	nte: 9/30/20XX - Acc	countii	ng Period 12				
To record current	-year undelivered order	s without	an advance.				To record a reimbu anticipated.	ursable agreement with	out an a	dvance that w	as previously	7

Transaction 1: The Entities record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

<sup>3</sup> Also refer to "Intra-governmental Capital Asset and Inventory Buy/Sell Transactions" USSGL Implementation Guidance.



**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

FIDS on the Order and Servicing Ag	ency's Perfor	rmance Ti	<u>cansactions</u>						
ORDER					PERFORMA	NCE			
<b>CAPITALIZATION</b>	SSISTED ACQU	ISITION			TRANSACTION	PERFO	DRMANCE	TRANS	FER
FOB POINT INDICATOR	<b>INDICATO</b>	<u>R</u>	PERFORM	MANCE TYPE	DATE	Ľ	DATE	DAT	E
SOURCE TRUE	NO	_		D/PERFORMED	TRANSACTION DATEPERFORMANG DATEFORMED10/01/20XX09/30/20XXSERVICING AGENCYDEB100 Reimbursements Earned – eivable5,00422100 Unfilled Customer Orders Without Advance5,00000 Accounts Receivable (RC22)5,00510000 Revenue From Goods Sold (RC24)formance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Perio ecord revenue earned in the Performing Agency for gr reimbursable order without an advance. TC A714 in oth goods and services; no additional distinction is ne lies, inventory, materials, land, equipment, buildings, SERVICING AGENCY000 Cost of Goods Sold (RC24)5,00152100 Inventory Purchased for Resale formance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Perio ecord cost of goods sold.5,00000 Cost of Goods Sold (RC24)5,00152100 Inventory Purchased for Resale formance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Perio ecord cost of goods sold.5,00200 Reimbursements Earned – ected From Federal/Non-Federal eption Sources5,00				OXX
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	Г ТС				DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
480100 Undelivered Orders –				425100 Reimb	ursements Earned -	-			
Obligations, Unpaid	5,000			Receivable			5,000		
490100 Delivered Orders –		5,000	B402	<b>422100 U</b>	nfilled Customer				A714
Obligations, Unpaid		3,000	D402	Orders W	ithout Advance			5,000	A/14
175000 Equipment	5,000			131000 Accounts Receivable (RC22) 5,000					
211000 Accounts Payable (RC22)		5,000							
Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accour	ting Period 12			Performance l	Date: 9/30/20XX - A	ccountin	g Period 12	2	
To record the delivery of Equipment and to ac									
passed when the goods are delivered.) TC B40									
materials, land, equipment, buildings, PPE, or	costs. However,	additional m	emo entries	for both goods and services; no additional distinction is necessary. A714 can in					
are required for capital assets.				supplies, inventory, materials, land, equipment, buildings, PPE, or costs.					
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	T TC	SERV	CREDIT	TC			
880200 Purchases of Property, Plant, &									
Equipment (RC24)	5,000		G120 <sup>4</sup>			/	5,000		E408
880100 Offset for Purchases of Ass		5,000	0120					5,000	
Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accour						ccountin	g Period 12	2	
To record activity for current-year purchases of		_			0				
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	Г ТС				DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
				425200 Reimb	ursements Earned -	-			
490100 Delivered Orders – Obligations				Collected From	n Federal/Non-Fede	eral			
Unpaid	5,000			Exception Sou	rces		5,000		
490200 Delivered Orders –			B110	425100 R	eimbursements				C186
Obligations, Paid		5,000			Receivable			5,000	
211000 Accounts Payable (RC22)	5,000			101000 Fund I	Balance With Treas	ury	5,000		
101000 Fund Balance With Treasu	ry		131000 A	ccounts Receivable	(RC22)		5,000		
Accomplished Date: 10/01/20XX - Acco	unting Period	12		Accomplished Date: 10/01/20XX - Accounting Period 12					
To record a confirmed disbursement schedule				To record the co	llection of receivables i	n the Serv	vicing Agenc	y for reimburs	able
				services.					

<sup>4</sup> The Servicing Agency completes the 'Capitalization Indicator' FID on the Order so that the Requesting Agency will know to record the correct IGT elimination entries. The Requesting Agency records TC G120 for capital asset purchases if the Servicing Agency's Capitalization Indicator is "TRUE", or TC D514 to record a cost capitalization offset if the Servicing Agency's Capitalization Indicator is "FALSE".)

The Requesting Agency would record a capital asset (such as in TC B402) if its own capitalization threshold were met; however, there is no need to exchange this information with the Servicing Agency.



**Transaction 3:** Since the Requesting Agency does not agree with the amount, they create an informational Received/Accepted Transaction that does not match the Delivered/Performed Transaction created by the Servicing Agency. It is important to remember that, in this instance, no accounting transactions are needed because this is informational only for the purpose of informing the Servicing Agency that adjustments may be needed.



**Transaction 4:** The Servicing Agency agrees and creates a negative Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/04/20XX for -\$500, which resolves the intragovernmental difference, and causes fund settlement of the \$500 to occur. The original order and the settlement occur in the same fiscal year.

FIDS on the C	Order and Servicing	g Agency's	s Perfor	mance Tr	ansactions	6					
	ORDER					•	PERFORMA	NCE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	<u>ASSISTED</u> <u>IND</u>	) ACQUIS DICATOR		PERFORM	IANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE		<u>RMANCE</u> ATE	TRANS	
SOURCE	TRUE		NO		DELIVERED	PERFORMED	10/04/20XX	09/3	0/20XX	10/04/2	0XX
REQUE	STING AGENCY	D	EBIT	CREDIT	ТС	SER	VICING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
	ed Orders – Obligati	ons,				422100 Unfille	d Customer Orders				
Unpaid	C		500			Without Adva	nce		500		
480100 Un	delivered Orders –			500		425100 R	eimbursements Ear	ned –			
Obligation	s, Unpaid			300	B402R	Receivabl	e			500	A714R
							ue From Goods Sold	l			
211000 Accoun	ts Payable (RC22)		500			(RC24)			500		
175000 Eq	uipment			500		131000 A	ccounts Receivable (	(RC22)		500	
<b>Performance D</b>	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	counting Pe			Performance l	Date: 9/30/20XX - A	ccounting	g Period 12			
	ive adjustment in the same						tive adjustment to the a				
inventory, materia	when the goods are deliv als, land, equipment, but required for capital asse	ldings, PPE,				Agency for a rem the original orde	mbursable agreement w r.	hout an a	dvance in the	e same fiscal y	year as
REQUE	STING AGENCY	D	EBIT	CREDIT	ТС	SER	CREDIT	ТС			
880100 Offset f	or Purchases of Asse	ets									
(RC24)			500			152100 Inventory Purchased for Resale 500					
880200 Pu	rchases of Property,					152100 Inventory Purchased for Resale 500					F/08D
<b>I</b> . •	renases of rioperty,	Plant, &			G120R <sup>2</sup>		ory rurenascu for r	<u>ceșare</u>	500		E408R
	t (RC24)	-		500	G120R <sup>2</sup>	650000 C	ost of Goods Sold (R	RC24)		500	E408R
Performance D	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc	counting Pe				650000 Co Performance I	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A	<mark>(C24)</mark> ccounting	g Period 12	500	E408R
Performance D	t (RC24)	counting Pe		chases of PP	&E.	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost	<mark>(C24)</mark> ccounting	<b>g Period 12</b> old.		
Performance D To record a negat REQUES	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY	counting Pe				650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY	<mark>(C24)</mark> ccounting	g Period 12	500 CREDIT	E408R
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders –	y for current-	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP	&E.	650000 C Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost	<mark>(C24)</mark> ccounting	g Period 12 old. DEBIT		
Performance D To record a negat REQUES	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders –	y for current-	-year purc	chases of PP	&E.	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable	ost of Goods Sold ( Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY ursements Earned -	C24) ccounting of goods s	<b>g Period 12</b> old.		
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – apaid	y for current-	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP	&E.	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY ursements Earned - imbursements Earn	C24) ccounting of goods se ed –	g Period 12 old. DEBIT		
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur 490100 De	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – npaid livered Orders –	y for current-	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP&	&E.	650000 C Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re Collected	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY Irsements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-J	C24) ccounting of goods se ed –	g Period 12 old. DEBIT	CREDIT	
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – npaid livered Orders –	y for current-	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP	&E. TC	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY Irsements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-J	C24) ccounting of goods se ed –	g Period 12 old. DEBIT		ТС
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur 490100 De Obligation	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – npaid livered Orders –	pounting Pe y for current- DF 5	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP&	&E. TC	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re Collected I Exception	ost of Goods Sold (R Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY Irsements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-J	C24) ccounting of goods so ed – Federal	g Period 12 old. DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur 490100 De Obligation 101000 Fund B	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – paid livered Orders – s, Paid	y for current- DE 5 y y 5	-year purc E <b>BIT</b>	chases of PP&	&E. TC	650000 C Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re Collected I Exception 131000 Accoun	ost of Goods Sold (F Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY ursements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-I Sources	C24) ccounting of goods s ed – Federal 2)	g Period 12 old. DEBIT 500	CREDIT	ТС
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur 490100 De Obligation 101000 Fund B 211000 Ac	t (RC24) ate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – apaid livered Orders – s, Paid alance With Treasur	y for current- DE 5 y for current- 5 y y 5 2	-year purc E <b>BIT</b> 500 500	chases of PPa CREDIT 500 500	&E. TC	650000 C Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re Collected I Exception 131000 Accoun 101000 Fu	ost of Goods Sold (P Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY Irsements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-I Sources ts Receivable (RC22	C24) ccounting of goods s ed – Federal 2) reasury	<b>500</b>	CREDIT 500	ТС
Performance D To record a negat REQUES 490200 Deliver Obligations, Ur 490100 De Obligation 101000 Fund B 211000 Act Accomplished D	t (RC24) vate: 9/30/20XX - Acc ive adjustment to activit STING AGENCY ed Orders – paid livered Orders – s, Paid alance With Treasur counts Payable (RC2)	y for current- DE 5 y for current- 5 y y y 5 2 2 xccounting	-year pure EBIT 500 500 Period 1	CREDIT           500           500           2	&E. TC B110R	650000 Co Performance I To record a nega SERV 425100 Reimbu Receivable 425200 Re Collected I Exception 131000 Accoun 101000 Fu Accomplished I To record a negat	ost of Goods Sold (F Date: 9/30/20XX - A tive adjustment to cost ICING AGENCY Irsements Earned - imbursements Earn From Federal/Non-I Sources ts Receivable (RC22 nd Balance With Tr	C24) ccounting of goods so ed – Federal 2) reasury Accounting A	g Period 12 old. DEBIT 500 500	CREDIT 500 500 2	TC C186R



Scenario 2: The Requesting and Servicing Agencies have entered an Order for Equipment in the amount of \$5,000. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX with Performance Date 9/30/20XX and references the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Destination
  - Fund Settlement will occur via IPAC in the amount, and upon completion, of the Requesting Agency's Received/Accepted Transaction.
- Capitalization Indicator = True
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = No
- The Equipment meets the capitalization threshold for the Requesting Agency, and the Requesting Agency creates a Received/Accepted Transaction for \$5,000 on 10/04/20XX, agreeing with the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed amount.

Transaction 1: The Entities record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

FIDS on the O	order and Servicin	g Agen	cy's Perform	ance Tra	<u>nsactions</u>						
	<u>ORDEI</u>	<u> </u>					<b>PERFORMAN</b>	NCE			
FOB POINT	<u>CAPITALIZATION</u> <u>INDICATOR</u>	<u>ASS</u>	ISTED ACQUIS INDICATOR	<u>ITION</u>	PERFO	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PER</u>	FORMANCE DATE		ISFER TE
DESTINATION	TRUE		NO		DELIVER	ED/PERFORMED	9/30/20XX	10/01/	20XX		
REQUE	ESTING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Г ТС	SERVI	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС		
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	5,000		— <b>B306</b>	422100 Unfilled Customer Orders Without Advance5,000					1700
480100 Und Obligations	elivered Orders – , Unpaid			5,000	B300	421000 Anti	cipated Reimburser	nents		5,000	A706
<b>Performance D</b>	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	counting	g Period 12			Performance Da	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	counti	ng Period 12	2	
To record current-	year undelivered order	s without	an advance.			To record a reimbursable agreement without an advance that was previously anticipated.					



**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

FIDS on the O	rder and Servicing	Agency's Perfo	rmance Tr	ansactio	ns					
	<u>ORDER</u>					<b>PERFORMAN</b>	I <u>CE</u>			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSISTED ACQ INDICAT		PERFO	DRMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PERFORMANC</u> <u>DATE</u>		<u>NSFER</u> ATE	
DESTINATION	TRUE	NO		DELIVE	RED/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	09/30/20XX	Ν	V/A	
REQUES	STING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС	SERVIC	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС	
480100 Undelive Obligations, Un		5,000			425100 Reimburs Receivable	sements Earned-	5,000			
490100 I	Delivered Orders – ons, Unpaid		5,000	B402	422100 Ur	nfilled Customer ithout Advance		5,000	A714	
175000 Equipm	ent	5,000			131000 Accounts	Receivable (RC22)	5,000			
211000 A	Accounts Payable (RC	22)	5,000		510000 Re	evenue From Goods	Sold (RC24)	5,000		
Performance Da	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acco	unting Period 12	2		Performance Dat	e: 9/30/20XX - Acco	unting Period 12	2		
been passed when	very of Equipment and to the goods are delivered.) uipment, buildings, PPE, 1 for capital assets.	TC B402 can inclu	ide supplies, i	nventory,	on a reimbursable of both goods and serv	arned in the Performing rder without an advance ices; no additional distin materials, land, equipm	. TC A714 include nction is necessary	es revenue acco . A714 can incl	ounts for	
REQUES	STING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC	SERVIC	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC	
880200 Purchas and Equipment	es of Property, Plant, (RC24)	5,000		C120 <sup>2</sup>	650000 Cost of G	oods Sold (RC24)	5,000		E408	
880100 C	Offset for Purchases of	f Assets (RC24)	5,000	G120 <sup>2</sup>	152100 In	ventory Purchased f	or Resale	5,000		
Performance Da	ate: 9/30/20XX - Acco	unting Period 12			Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accounting Period 12					
To record activity	for current-year purchase	es of PP&E.			To record cost of go	ods sold.				

Transaction 3: The Requesting Agency creates a Received/Accepted Transaction.

FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	Agency's Per	formance [	Fransact	ions				
	<u>ORDER</u>					<b>PERFORMANC</b>	<u>CE</u>		
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSISTED ACC INDICA		PERF	FORMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PERFORMANC</u> <u>DATE</u>		ANSFER DATE
DESTINATION	TRUE	NO		RECE	CIVED/ACCEPTED	10/04/20XX	09/30/20XX	10/0	4/20XX
REQUES	TING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC	SERVICI	CREDIT	TC		
	REQUESTING AGENCY     DEBIT     CR       190100 Delivered Orders –     5,000     5,000				425200 Reimburser Collected From Fee Exception Sources		5,000		
Obligat	Delivered Orders – ions, Paid		5,000	B110	425100 Reim Receivable	-	5,000	C186	
211000 Account	11000 Accounts Payable (RC22) 5,000				101000 Fund Balan	ce With Treasury	5,000		
101000 H	101000 Fund Balance With Treasury 5,000				131000 Acco	ounts Receivable (RC	(222)	5,000	
Accomplished I	Date: 10/04/20XX - A	ccounting Perio	od 12		Accomplished Date	: 10/04/20XX - Acco	unting Period 12	2	



### Assisted Acquisition<sup>5</sup>

**Scenario 1**: The Requesting Agency is utilizing the purchasing contract of the Servicing Agency to buy an asset from a non-federal, third-party vendor for \$5,000. According to the agreement, the Requesting Agency will pay the Servicing Agency, which in turn will pay the non-federal vendor for the asset. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX, with Performance Date 9/30/20XX, and references the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Source
  - Fund settlement will occur via IPAC upon the completion of the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed transactions during the October Accounting Period, in line with the Accomplished Date.
- Capitalization Indicator = False<sup>6</sup>
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = True
- The Requesting Agency agrees with the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed Transaction and completes a Received/Accepted transaction in the same amount.

Transaction 1: The Entities record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

FIDS on the C	Order and Servicin	g Agen	cy's Perform	ance Tra	nsact	<u>tions</u>						
	ORDE	<u> </u>						<u>PERFORMAN</u>	ICE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	<u>ASS</u>	ISTED ACQUIS INDICATOR	<u>PI</u>	ERFOR	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PER</u>	FORMANCE DATE	TRAN DA		
SOURCE						LIVERI	IVERED/PERFORMED 10/01/20XX			9/30/20XX	10/01/	20XX
REQUE	REQUESTING AGENCY DEBIT CREDI						SERVI	CING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	5,000			D207	422100 Unfilled Without Advand	Customer Orders		5,000		A 70.0
480100 Un Obligation	delivered Orders – s, Unpaid			5,000	ľ	B306	421000 Antio	cipated Reimbursen	nents		5,000	A706
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	countin			Performance Da	nte: 9/30/20XX - Acc	countir	ng Period 12				
To record current	-year undelivered orders	s without	an advance.			To record a reimbu anticipated.	ursable agreement with	out an a	idvance that w	as previously	7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> G-Invoicing will only capture the transactions between/to Entities, not activities with a non-federal third party. <u>Also, refer to "Assisted Acquisitions Guidance" within USSGL Implementation Guidance</u>. <sup>6</sup> While the Requesting Agency is obtaining an asset, the Servicing Agency never has the asset capitalized, which is the intent of the Capitalization Indicator.



**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

FIDS on the Order and Servicing Agen	cy's Perform	nance Tra	nsactions						
ORDER					PERFORM	IANCE			
FOB POINTCAPITALIZATION INDICATORASS	ISTED ACQUIS INDICATOR	<u>ITION</u>	PERFOR	MANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFOR DA		TRANSF DATE	<u>ER</u>
SOURCE FALSE YES			DELIVERE	D/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	09/30/20XX		10/01/20XX	
<b>REQUESTING AGENCY</b>	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC TC	SERV	VICING AGENCY	Y	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
480100 Undelivered Orders – Obligations,				425100 Reimb	ursements Earned	l-			
Unpaid	5,000			Receivable			5,000		
490100 Delivered Orders –		5,000		422100 U	nfilled Customer (	Orders			
Obligations, Unpaid		3,000	B402	Without A	Advance			5,000	A714
610000 Operating Expenses/Program									
Costs (RC24)	5,000			131000 Accour					
211000 Accounts Payable (RC22)		5,000		510000 Re	5,000				
Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accountin	g Period 12			Performance I	Date: 9/30/20XX -	Accounting	g Period 12	2	
To record the delivery of Equipment and to accru					e earned in the Perfo				
passed when the goods are delivered.) TC B402 c		lies, invento	ry,						
materials, land, equipment, buildings, PPE, or co-	sts.								include
	DEDIT	CDEDI							TC
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC TC	SERV	VICING AGENCY	Y	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
175000 Equipment	5,000			on a reimbursable order without an advance. TC A714 in for both goods and services; no additional distinction is ne supplies, inventory, materials, land, equipment, buildings,					
661000 (N) Cost Capitalization Offset		5,000	D514	-					
Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accountin	0			-					
To record activity for current-year purchases of P						-			
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC TC	SERV	VICING AGENCY	Y	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
880200 (N) Purchases of Property, Plant,									
and Equipment	5,000		G120						
880100 (N) Offset for Purchases of As		5,000	0120	-					
Performance Date: 9/30/20XX - Accountin	0			-					
To record activity for current-year purchases of P		CDEDI		CEDU			DEDIT	CDEDIT	TC
REQUESTING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	T TC		ICING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
400100 Dellara d'Ordena Obliniti					ursements Earned				
490100 Delivered Orders – Obligations,	<b>5</b> 000				n Federal/Non-Fe	ueral	5 000		
Unpaid	5,000			Exception Sou			5,000		C100
490200 Delivered Orders –		5 000	B110		mbursements Ear	nea-		5 000	C186
Obligations, Paid	<b>5</b> 000	5,000	_	Receivable			5 000	5,000	-
211000 Accounts Payable (RC22)	5,000	5 000	_		Balance With Trea		5,000	5 000	-
101000 Fund Balance With Treasury	(	5,000			counts Receivable			5,000	
Accomplished Date: 10/01/20XX - Accoun	0				Date: 10/01/20XX				1.1.
To record a confirmed disbursement schedule pro	viously accrued	l <b>.</b>		To record the col services.	lection of receivable	s in the Servi	cing Agency	y for reimbursa	ible
				SELVICES.					



**Transaction 3:** The Requesting Agency creates a Received/Accepted Transaction that matches the Delivered/Performed Transaction created by the Servicing Agency. It is important to remember that, in this instance, no accounting transactions are needed because this is informational only.

**Scenario 2**: The Requesting Agency is utilizing the purchasing contract of the Servicing Agency to buy an asset from a non-federal, third-party vendor for \$5,000. According to the agreement, the Requesting Agency will pay the Servicing Agency, which in turn will pay the non-federal vendor for the asset. The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/01/20XX, with Performance Date 9/30/20XX, and references the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Destination
  - Fund Settlement will occur via IPAC in the amount, and upon completion, of the Requesting Agency's Received/Accepted Transaction.
- Capitalization Indicator = False<sup>7</sup>
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = True
- The Requesting Agency does not respond to the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed Transaction and Constructive Receipt Days elapses. The G-Invoicing application will create a Received/Accepted transaction in the same amount.

Transaction 1: The Entities record the current-year undelivered order without an advance.

FIDS on the C	Order and Servicin	g Agen	cy's Perform	ance Tra	nsacti	tions						
	<u>ORDE</u>	<u> </u>						<b>PERFORMAN</b>	ICE			
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASS	ISTED ACQUIS INDICATOR		<u>PE</u>	ERFOR	RMANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	<u>PER</u>	FORMANCE DATE	TRAN DA	
DESTINATION							DELIVERED/PERFORMED     10/01/20XX       Γ     TC     SERVICING AGENCY			9/30/20XX	10/01/	20XX
REQUE	REQUESTING AGENCY DEBIT CREDIT							SERVICING AGENCY			CREDIT	ТС
461000 Allotme	ents – Realized Reso	urces	5,000			206	422100 Unfilled Without Advand	Customer Orders		5,000		1706
480100 Un Obligation	delivered Orders – s, Unpaid			5,000	В	306	421000 Antio	cipated Reimbursen	nents		5,000	A706
Performance D	ate: 9/30/20XX - Ac	countin	g Period 12				Performance Da	nte: 9/30/20XX - Acc	countir	ng Period 12		
To record current-	-year undelivered order	s without	an advance.				To record a reimbu anticipated.	ursable agreement with	out an a	dvance that w	as previously	7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> While the Requesting Agency is obtaining an asset, the Servicing Agency never has the asset capitalized, which is the intent of the Capitalization Indicator.



**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency creates a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

FIDS on the Ord	ler and Servicing	Agency's Perfor	mance T	ransactions								
	<u>ORDER</u>					PERFORMAN	<u>CE</u>					
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSISTED ACQUI INDICATOI		PERFOR	MANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFORMANCE DATE		ISFER TE			
DESTINATION	FALSE	YES		DELIVERE	D/PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	09/30/20XX	Ν	/A			
REQUEST	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CRED	IT TC	SERVI	ICING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС			
480100 Undelivere	ed Orders –				425100 Reimb	bursements Earned -						
<b>Obligations</b> , Unpa	nid	5,000			Receivable		5,000					
490100 Delive	ered Orders-		5,000		422100 U	Infilled Customer						
Obligations,	Unpaid		3,000	B402	Orders V	Vithout Advance		5,000	A714			
610000 Operating	Expenses/Program	n										
Costs (RC24)		5,000			131000 Accou							
211000 Accou	ints Payable (RC22	2)	5,000	)	131000 Accounts Receivable (RC22)5,000510000 Revenue From Goods Sold (RC24)5,000							
Performance Date	e: 9/30/20XX - Acco	ounting Period 12			Performance	Date: 9/30/20XX - A	ccounting Period	12				
	y of Equipment and to					ue earned in the Perform						
	ds are delivered.) TC I		plies, inver	ntory,		reimbursable order with						
materials, land, equip	oment, buildings, PPE,	, or costs.				ts for both goods and set						
					buildings, PPE,	4 can include supplies, in or costs	nventory, materials,	land, equipme	ent,			
REQUEST	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CRED	IT TC		CING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС			
175000 Equipmen	t	5,000										
	ost Capitalization (	/	5,000	D514								
	e: 9/30/20XX - Acco		,	1								
	ation of expenses to as											
REQUEST	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CRED	IT TC	SERVI	ICING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC			
880200 (N) Purcha	ases of Property,											
Plant, and Equipn	nent	5,000		G120								
880100 (N) O	ffset for Purchases	of Assets	5,000	G120								
	e: 9/30/20XX - Acco	0										
To record activity for	r current-year purchase	es of PP&E.										



FIDS on the O	order and Servicing	Agen	cy's Perfor	mance T	ransactions					
	<u>ORDER</u>						PERFORMAN	CE		
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	<u>ASSI</u>	STED ACQUI INDICATO		PERFORM	IANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFORMANCE DATE	TRANS DAT	
DESTINATION	FALSE		YES		RECEIVE	D/ACCEPTED	10/19/20XX	09/30/20XX	10/19/2	20XX
REQUES	STING AGENCY		DEBIT	CREDI	Г ТС	SERVI	CING AGENCY	DEBIT	CREDIT	TC
490100 Delivere Unpaid	ed Orders – Obligatio	ons,	5,000				oursements Earned – m Federal/Non-Fede ırces			
Obligations	/			5,000	B110	- Receiva			5,000	C186
	ts Payable (RC22)		5,000				Balance With Treasu	v ,		
	nd Balance With Trea	v		5,000			ccounts Receivable (		5,000	
	Date: 10/19/20XX - A						Date: 10/19/20XX -	8		
To record a confir	med disbursement sched	ule prev	viously accrue	d.		To record the co services.	llection of receivables i	n the Servicing Ager	cy for reimbur	sable

Transaction 3: The constructive receipt days expire, and G-Invoicing systematically creates a Received/Accepted Transaction.



### **Reimbursable Agreement with an Advance**

**Scenario 1**: The Requesting and Servicing Agency created an Order and agreed to settle funds in advance of goods being delivered. The Servicing Agency enters an Advance Transaction on 08/06/20XX to generate an advance payment/collection of funds for \$1,000. On 10/01/20XX, the Servicing Agency liquidated the advance by creating a Delivered/Performed Transaction for \$1,000, with a Performance Date of 09/30/20XX, and references the September 20XX Accounting Period.

- FOB Point = Source or Destination
- Capitalization Indicator = False
- Assisted Acquisition Indicator = No
- On 10/04/20XX, the Requesting Agency creates an informational negative Received/Accepted Transaction for \$800 to indicate to the Servicing Agency that an adjustment is needed.
- The Servicing Agency agrees and adjusts the original Delivered/Performed Transaction on 10/04/20XX by -\$200.

Transaction 1: The Servicing Agency creates an Advance Performance Transaction.

FIDS on the C	<b>Drder and Servicin</b>	g Agency	's Perform	ance Tra	nsactio	ions						
	<u>ORDER</u>							PERFORMANCE				
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR		<u>D ACQUISITI</u> DICATOR	ION	<u>PERFC</u>	ORM	ANCE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	PERFORMA DATE	NCE		ANSFER DATE
ANY					L	ADV	ANCE	08/06/20XX	N/A		08/	06/20XX
REQU	REQUESTING AGENCY DEBIT				Т Т	ГС	SERVIC	ING AGENCY	DEBIT	CRI	EDIT	ТС
461000 Allotme	REQUESTING AGENCY     DEBI1       51000 Allotments – Realized Resources     1,000						422200 Unfilled With Advance	Customer Orders	1,000			
	51000 Allotments - Realized Resources1,000480200 Undelivered Orders - Obligations, Prepaid/Advanced1					200	421000 Ant Reimburse			1,(	000	C102
141000 Advanc 23)	es and Prepayments	s (RC	1,000		— B3	308	101000 Fund Ba	lance With Treasur	y 1,000			C182
101000 Fu	1,000 101000 Fund Balance With Treasury						231000 Lia Prepaymen	bility for Advances a ts (RC 23)	ind	1,0	000	
	omplished Date: 08/06/20XX - Accounting Period 11						Accomplished D	0ate: 08/06/20XX - A	ccounting Pe	riod 1	1	
	-year undelivered order pending on each agency			agencies r	nay need	d to	To record a collect	tion of an advance for an	n unfilled custo	mer or	der.	



FIDS on the Order and Servicing Agency's Performance Transactions											
	PERFORMANCE										
FOB POINT	<b>CAPITALIZATION</b>	ASSIS'	TED ACQUIS		PERFORM	ANCE TYPE	YPE TRANSACTION		FORMANCE	TRANSFER	
<u>10010111</u>	<b>INDICATOR</b>		<b>INDICATOR</b>				DATE	DATE		DATE	
SOURCE	FALSE		NO		DELIVERED/	PERFORMED	10/01/20XX	09/30/20XX		N/A	
<b>REQUESTING AGENCY</b>			DEBIT	CRED	T TC	SERVICING AGENCY			DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС
						425200 Reimbursements Earned –					
480200 Undelivered Orders –					B604	<b>Collected From Federal/Non-Federal</b>					
<b>Obligations, Prepaid/Advanced</b>			1,000			Exception Sources			1,000		
490200 Delivered Orders –				1,000		422200 Unfilled Customer					
Obligations, Paid				1,000		Orders With Advance				1,000	A711
610000 Operating Expenses/Program		m				231000 Liability for Advances and					
Costs (RC24)			1,000			Prepayments	(RC 23)		1,000		
141000 Advances and Prepayments (RC 23) 1,						510000 Revenue From Goods Sold			(RC24)	1,000	
Performance Date: 09/30/20XX - Accounting Period 12						Performance Date: 09/30/20XX - Accounting Period 12					
To record the current-year expended authority where the undelivered order was prepaid or						To record earned revenue related to a reimbursable agreement or other income					
advanced. The current-year authority is the same as the original order.						from a federal agency.					

**Transaction 2:** The Servicing Agency liquidates the Advance by creating a Delivered/Performed Transaction.

**Transaction 3:** The Requesting Agency creates an informational negative Received/Accepted Transaction on 10/04/20XX for \$800 to indicate disagreement with the Servicing Agency's Delivered/Performed Transaction. It is important to remember that, in this instance, no accounting transactions are needed because this is informational only for the purpose of informing the Servicing Agency that adjustments may be needed.



**Transaction 4:** The Servicing Agency agrees with the Requesting Agency's Received/Accepted Transaction and creates a negative Delivered/Performed Transaction to correct the liquidation. The original order and the adjustment to the order occur in the same fiscal year.

FIDS on the Order and Servicing Agency's Performance Transactions													
ORDER						PERFORMANCE							
FOB POINT	CAPITALIZATION INDICATOR	ASSISTED ACQUISITI INDICATOR		<u>'ION</u>	PERFORMA		NCE TYPE			<u>RMANCE</u> <u>ATE</u>	<u>TRANSFER</u> <u>DATE</u>		
SOURCE	FALSE		NO	DELIV		LIVERED/I	PERFORMED 10/04/20XX 09/		09/3	0/20XX	N/A		
REQUESTING AGENCY			DEBIT	CRE	DIT	TC	SERVICING AGENCY			DEBIT	CREDIT	ТС	
490200 Delivered Orders – Obligations, Paid			200				422200 Unfilled Customer Orders With Advance			200			
480200 Undelivered Orders – Obligations, Prepaid/Advanced				200		B604R	425200 Reimbursements Earned – Collected From Federal/ Non-Federal Exception Sources				200		
141000 Advances and Prepayments (RC 23)		200				510000 Revenue From Goods Sold (RC24)			200		- A711R		
610000 Operating Expenses/Program Costs (RC24) 2					)0		231000 Liability for Advances and Prepayments (RC 23)				200	ΑΠΚ	
Performance Date: 09/30/20XX – Accounting Period 12						Performance Date: 09/30/20XX – Accounting Period 12							
To record a negative adjustment to the delivery of goods in which the Order was prepaid or advanced. The adjustment occurs the same fiscal year as the original order.						To record a negative adjustment to the collection of revenue earned related to a reimbursable agreement in the same fiscal year as the original order.							



### **G-Invoicing Business Rules**

Fiscal Service established a mandate in the <u>Treasury Financial Manual (TFM)</u> for the use of Government Invoicing (G-Invoicing) to facilitate Buy/Sell Intragovernmental Transactions (IGT). This mandate is a phased approach that requires new Buy/Sell activity to be implemented by October 2022 and in-flight activity to be converted by October 2023. Fiscal service will monitor Entity compliance to meet the G-Invoicing mandate by defining metrics and thresholds to measure compliance levels and communicating those levels to the Entity. One way in which Fiscal Service will measure an Entity's compliance will be a comparison between the data that an Entity reports in the Government-wide Treasury Account Symbol Adjusted Trial Balance System (GTAS) and the Performance Transactions created in G-Invoicing. This document defines the G-Invoicing specifications needed to compare with bulk file data entered by agencies into GTAS, for this purpose of measuring agency compliance with the G-Invoicing mandate.

Certain transactions an Entity completes in G-Invoicing create the need to post accounting journal entries within the Entity's internal accounting records. These journal entries feed the Entity's trial balance, thereby, impacting the Entity's financial statement lines and reciprocal categories (RCs), specifically RC22 Accounts Receivable/Payable, RC23 Advances and Prepayments to/from Others, and RC24 Buy/Sell Revenue/Costs. The rules describe the various types of G-Invoicing transactions that are expected to affect the previously mentioned RCs. The dollar amounts derived from these rules will be used as the basis for comparison with the GTAS data. Percentages calculated from this comparison will be used to measure the compliance based on a metric of percentage thresholds which include a traffic light rating Green, Yellow, and Red to be reflected on the IGT scorecard. The percentage thresholds will be incrementally increased each Fiscal Year (FY).

#### **Performance Transaction Types**

The types of G-Invoicing Transactions are Delivered/Performed, Received/Accepted, Advance, and Deferred Payment . The Business Rules surrounding these Performance Transactions can be found at <u>TFM Volume 1, Part 2, Chapter 4700, Appendix 8, Section 2.6.</u>

**Delivered/Performed:** Performance Transaction submitted by the Seller to indicate that they have transferred control or performed the good/service to the Buyer. The completion of this transaction would indicate a receivable/revenue being recorded by the Seller and should be reciprocated with expense/payable recorded by the Buyer. If the Order is operating under FOB Point of Source, this Performance Transaction will automatically initiate settlement through the IPAC application.

**Received/Accepted:** Performance Transaction submitted by the Buyer to indicate receipt and acceptance of the goods/services from the Seller, which will occur after the Seller has completed a Delivered/Performed transaction. If the Order is operating under FOB Point of Destination, this Performance Transaction will automatically initiate settlement through the IPAC

application. If receipt and acceptance is not provided by the expiration of the agreed upon Constructive Receipt Days, automatic receipt and acceptance will be generated through G-Invoicing to align with the Seller's Delivered/Performed transaction and initiate settlement.

Advance: Performance Transaction submitted by the Seller to collect an advance payment from the Buyer. The Seller will be able to initiate the Advance Performance Transaction to generate an advance collection/payment of funds regardless of FOB Point domain value. Completion of this Performance Transaction will automatically initiate fund settlement through the IPAC application. Any Delivered/Performed transactions against Schedules with an advance balance will not initiate settlement but should be used to draw down the advance balance on the Schedule. Upon, completion of settlement of an advance payment, the Buyer and Seller must record the appropriate asset and liability to reflect the advanced balance.



#### *Calculation*: *Advance Payment – Delivered/Performed = Open advance/prepaid balance*

**Deferred Payment**: Performance Transaction submitted by the Seller to communicate work completed, but not yet billed. The completion of this transaction would indicate a receivable and revenue recorded by the Seller and should be reciprocated with an expense and payable by the Buyer. This Performance Transaction does not initiate fund settlement through the IPAC application and is designed to only communicate the amount of work completed by the Seller. The amount of Deferred Payment cannot exceed the undelivered balance on the Schedule. Deferred Payment transactions reduce the amount of the undelivered balance for that Accounting Period. For Deferred Payments transactions, the amount of the accrual entry will equal the amount of the Deferred Payment transaction (must be an open Accounting Period). G-Invoicing will consider this Deferred Payment amount as life-to-date and any subsequent Deferred Payment transactions submitted for the same Accounting Period will override the previous Deferred Payment transaction. The Performance Transactions completed by the Seller and Buyer should be reconciled by both entities, at a minimum, on a quarterly basis to ensure both parties agree.

**Recording Capitalized Assets:** When the Capitalization Indicator on a Performance Transaction is True, Federal entities should follow the <u>Intra-governmental</u> <u>Capital Asset and Inventory Buy/Sell Transactions document</u> concerning USSGL guidance on capitalized assets located on Fiscal Service's website. This guidance demonstrates where these USSGL accounts are cross walked allowing for proper intra-governmental eliminations at year-end. The completion of a Performance Transaction where the Capitalization Indicator is True would indicate a Receivable/Revenue from Goods Sold along with a COGS/Inventory Asset being recorded by the Seller which should be reciprocated by the Buyer with a capital asset/payable and a Purchase of Asset/Purchase of Asset Offset transaction recorded. The use of the Purchase of Asset/Purchase of Asset Offset accounts allows the Buyer to properly record their capital asset on their books, while moving the transaction over to the federal reciprocal category accounts, thus reciprocating the Sellers transactions, and eliminating intra-governmental differences.



#### 1 Buyer Business Rules

#### 1.1 RC22 (22.2 - Accounts Payable, and Other Liabilities)

- 1.1.1 Delivered/Performed Transactions that are FOB point value domain Source on non-advance order/line/schedule that have not settled.
- 1.1.2 Delivered/Performed Transactions that are FOB point value domain Destination on non-advance order/line/schedule, that do not have corresponding settled Received/Accepted Transactions.
- 1.1.3 Active Deferred Payment Transactions.

#### 1.2 RC23 (5 - Advances to Others and Prepayments)

1.2.1 Advance Performance Transactions that have settled, less Delivered/Performed Transactions on an advanced order/line/schedule.

#### 1.3 RC 24 (7.3 - Buy/Sell Costs)

- 1.3.1 Delivered/Performed Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is False.
- 1.3.2 Deferred Payment Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is False.

### 1.4 RC 24 (7.4 - Purchase of Assets)

- 1.4.1 Delivered/Performed Transaction order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.
- 1.4.2 Deferred Payment Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.

### 1.5 RC 24 (12.3 - Purchase of Assets Offset)

- 1.5.1 Delivered/Performed Transaction order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.
- 1.5.2 Deferred Payment Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.

### 2 Seller Business Rules

### 2.1 RC22 (3.4 - Accounts Receivable)

- 2.1.1 Delivered/Performed Transactions that are FOB Point domain value Source on non-advance order/line/schedule that have not settled.
- 2.1.2 Delivered/Performed Transactions that are FOB Point domain value Destination on non-advance order/line/schedule, that do not have corresponding settled Received/Accepted Transactions.
- 2.1.3 Active Deferred Payment Transactions.

### 2.2 RC23 (25 - Advances from Others and Deferred Credits)

2.2.1 Advance Performance Transactions that have settled, less Delivered/Performed Transactions on an advanced order/line/schedule.

#### 2.3 RC 24 (12.2 - Buy/Sell Revenue)

- 2.3.1 Delivered/Performed Transactions.
- 2.3.2 Deferred Payment Transactions.

### 2.4 RC 24 (7.3 - Buy/Sell Costs)

- 2.4.1 Delivered/Performed Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.
- 2.4.2 Deferred Payment Transactions order/line/schedule where capitalization indicator is True.



### Conclusion

Fiscal Service's intent is to provide onboarding Entities the flexibility required to meet their varied business process needs, while also ensuring there are enough standardization and process steps to address the accounting challenges that affect the government today. With G-Invoicing, Entities will have a mechanism to share information with one another, laying the groundwork to drive improved transaction processing and financial reporting, and to drive efficiency of operations Governmentwide! Efforts should begin now to start along the road towards full G-Invoicing implementation.

### Disclaimers

- As Entities are negotiating their GT&C and Order, they may see Budgetary accounting events at different stages of the transaction lifecycle than their trading partners. The enactment of an appropriation, the apportionment of funds by OMB, and the allotment of authority may all occur before or during this stage. In addition, some budgetary events may vary depending on the types of funds and their authority prior to the Order Stage. Agencies should utilize FIDS from G-Invoicing when appropriate and use professional discernment and refer to the Transaction Codes already in the USSGL TFM Supplement III, for budgetary accounting entries. Ultimately, agencies should refer to their respective budget office and OMB Circular No. A-11 to ensure budgetary entries are properly recorded.
- Each Entity's accounting office must verify the accuracy of the transactions retrieved from IPAC and G-Invoicing. Entities follow standard procedures to record the transactions applicable to their TAS as of the accomplished/transaction date reflected in IPAC and G-Invoicing. Further, each Entity is still responsible for their own Anti-Deficiency Act (ADA) monitoring.
- Reporting requirements for CARS and GTAS will not be affected by the implementation of G-Invoicing.
- G-Invoicing accommodates Buy/Sell, reimbursable exchange transactions, in which one federal entity provides goods or services to another federal entity and funds are exchanged.
  - Fiduciary (Investments & Borrowings), Retirement and Insurance Transfer System (RITS), Treasury Receivable Accounting and Collection System (TRACS), Grants, Pension, and non-Buy/Sell activity will still be maintained in IPAC.
  - o Non-expenditure transfers should be managed in the appropriate CARS modules.
  - Payments to state and local governments should continue to be disbursed through other payment mechanisms.

